



# Mathematical Programming Course Specifications

**Faculty:** Faculty of computer and informatics

**Department:** Scientific Computing

## Course Specifications

<b>Program(s) on which the course is given</b>	:	Bachelor in Computer & Information Sciences
<b>Major or Minor element of programs</b>	:	Scientific Computing
<b>Department offering the program</b>	:	Scientific Computing
<b>Department offering the course</b>	:	Scientific Computing
<b>Academic year / Level</b>	:	4 <sup>th</sup> Year /B.Sc.
<b>Date of specification approval</b>	:	15/10/2009

## A. Basic Information

<b>Title:</b> Mathematical programming	<b>Code:</b> SCC 435	
<b>Lecture:</b> 3 hrs/week	<b>Practical:</b> 2 hrs/week	<b>Tutorial:</b> ---
<b>Credit Hours:</b> ---	<b>Total:</b> 5 hrs/Week	

## B. Professional Information

### 1. Overall Aims of Course:

Student will be able to introduce the basics of Networks: shortest paths In addition to introduce The concepts of Maximum flow problems, minimum-cost flow problems, maximum cardinality matching. Student can be related to Scheduling problems: network scheduling, single machine

scheduling, parallel machine scheduling. Graduates will be able to use these concepts and apply them on real work.

## 2. Intended Learning Outcomes of Course (ILOs):

### a. Knowledge and Understanding:

- a1- State the basic definitions and properties of trees, graphs and networks.
- a2- Define and be aware of the central role of graphs and networks in commerce and business modeling.
- a3- Have experience in translating decision problems into a network format for solution.
- a4- Mention optimization problems which are computationally complex and require heuristic solution methods.
- a5- Give an account and be familiar with network problems and algorithms.

### b. Intellectual Skills:

- b1- Estimate and implement the algorithms presented, and run them on unseen examples.
- b2- Criticise recognise and use flow networks.
- b3- Analyse appropriate algorithms for network optimisation.

### c. Professional and Practical Skills:

- c1- Be able to use mathematical programming techniques to model and solve practical problems in various scientific disciplines.

### d. General and Transferable Skills:

- d1- Be able to work in a group.
- d2- Be able to write effective programs.

### e. Attitude:

- e1- A knowledge and respect of ethics and ethical standards in relation to a major area of study.
- e2- Illustrate the use of example, analogy, and counter-analogy in ethical argument.
- e3- Demonstrate an ethical behavior toward software copyrights.
- e4- Relationship Emphasis a successful with other students.
- e5- Learn how to make relation with other, and the limit of this relation.

- e6- Explain the nature of privacy and how it is protected by the Data Protection.  
e7- Know the danger of viruses and how to protect yourself from it.  
e8- Know the culture of other peoples.  
e9- Discuss the legal background of copyright in national and international law.

### 3. Contents:

Topic	No. of hours	Lecture	Tutorial/ Practical
Networks: shortest paths (single source paths, all pairs paths), minimum spanning tree – I	5	3	2
Networks: shortest paths (single source paths, all pairs paths), minimum spanning tree – II	5	3	2
Networks: shortest paths (single source paths, all pairs paths), minimum spanning tree – III	5	3	2
Maximum flow problems, minimum-cost flow problems, maximum cardinality matching, and traveling salesman problem. – I	5	3	2
Maximum flow problems, minimum-cost flow problems, maximum cardinality matching, and traveling salesman problem. – II	5	3	2
Maximum flow problems, minimum-cost flow problems, maximum cardinality matching, and traveling salesman problem. – III	5	3	2
Maximum flow problems, minimum-cost flow problems, maximum cardinality matching, and traveling salesman problem. – IV	5	3	2
Graph coloring: independent set approach, approximation sequential algorithm, and backtracking sequential algorithm. – I	5	3	2
Graph coloring: independent set approach,	5	3	2



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approximation sequential algorithm, and backtracking sequential algorithm. – II			
Graph coloring: independent set approach, approximation sequential algorithm, and backtracking sequential algorithm. – III	5	3	2
Scheduling problems: network scheduling, single machine scheduling, parallel machine scheduling. – I	5	3	2
Scheduling problems: network scheduling, single machine scheduling, parallel machine scheduling. – I	5	3	2
Scheduling problems: network scheduling, single machine scheduling, parallel machine scheduling. – II	5	3	2
Scheduling problems: network scheduling, single machine scheduling, parallel machine scheduling. - III	5	3	2
Revision	5	3	2